

The Industry Standard in IT Infrastructure Monitoring

Purpose

This document will describe how to change the host check command in Nagios XI. The host check command is what determines if a host is UP or DOWN.

Target Audience

This document is intended for administrators whose machines refuse ICMP Ping requests and require a different method for determining if a particular host is truly down.

An example of a host that is functional, but is considered “Down” by Nagios XI can be seen in the following screenshot. The host 10.25.5.70 has a firewall rule that does not allow ICMP and hence you can see the host object itself is considered down but the services are working OK (*except for the ping service of course*).

Host	Service	Status	Duration	Attempt	Last Check	Status Information
10.25.5.70	CPU Stats	Ok	5m 54s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:10:51	CPU STATISTICS OK: user=0.20% system=0.00% iowait=
	HTTP	Ok	2m 38s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:09:10	HTTP OK: HTTP/1.1 302 Found - 224 bytes in 0.001 seco
	Load	Ok	5m 54s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:10:56	OK - load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
	Memory Usage	Ok	5m 54s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:11:01	OK - 645 / 995 MB (64%) Free Memory, Used: 700 MB, St
	Ping	Critical	3m 12s	4/5	2016-10-28 11:11:44	CRITICAL - 10.25.5.70: rta nan, lost 100%
	Yum Updates	Ok	5m 54s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:11:08	YUM OK: O/S is up to date.

Contemplate Checks

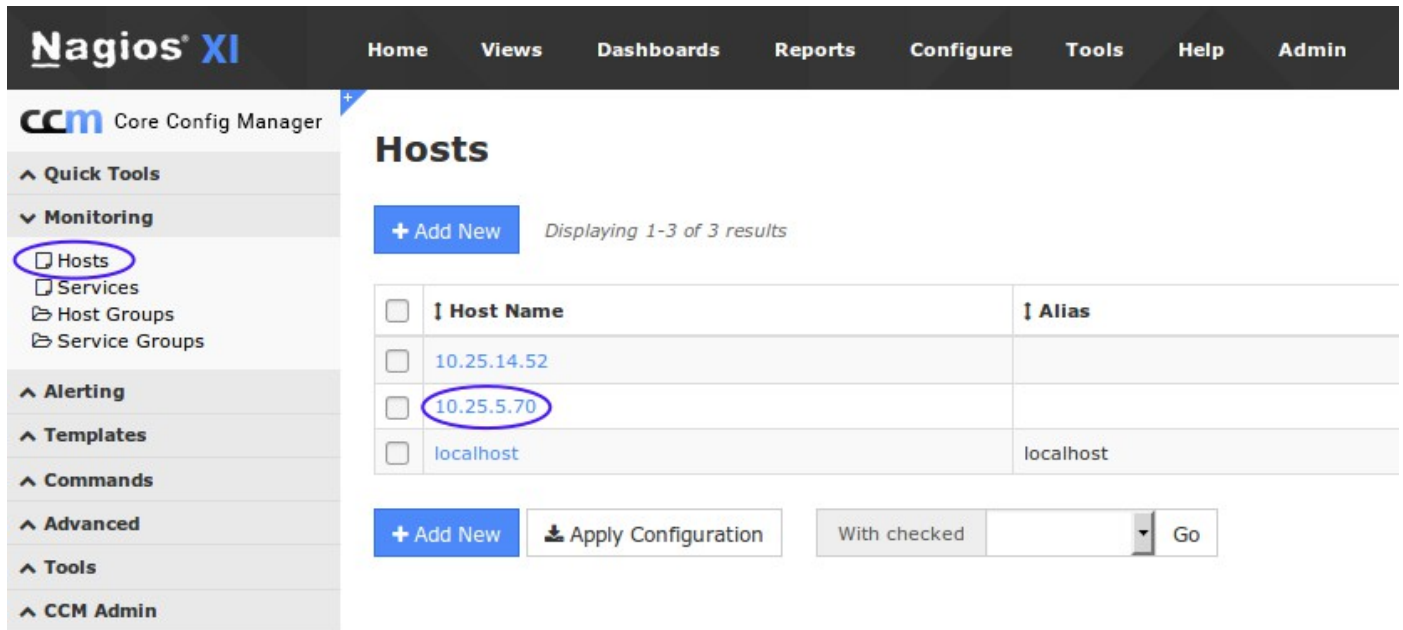
If you are running a server that is not allowed to respond to ping, you will need to consider what method will be used to determine if a host is UP or DOWN. In the screenshot above you can see that there is a working HTTP service, this would be a good replacement check for the host object.

Edit the Host

Navigate to Configure > Core Configuration Manager (CCM).

In the left pane under **Monitoring** click **Hosts**.

In the list of hosts click the host you want to change the host check for.



You will be presented with the Host Management screen as per the screenshot to the right.

We are going to be changing the **Check command** however you may notice that it's currently empty. You may be wondering then, "how is the ping check being performed"?

The host is using a Host Template and is inheriting the ping check from the template.

The changes we will be making will overwrite what has been defined in the template.

Updating Templates will be explained later in this document.

Host Management

Common Settings | Check Settings | Alert Settings | Misc Settings

Host Name *
10.25.5.70

Description
[Empty]

Address *
10.25.5.70

Display name
[Empty]

Check command
[Empty]

Command view
No command selected

\$ARG1\$
\$ARG2\$
\$ARG3\$
\$ARG4\$
\$ARG5\$
\$ARG6\$
\$ARG7\$
\$ARG8\$

Manage Parents 0 | Manage Templates 1 | Manage Host Groups 0

Active 1

Save | Cancel

Define Check Command

Defining the host UP / DOWN check is a simple matter of selecting an option from the **Check command** drop down list. In this example we are using **check-host-alive-http** as per the following screenshot.

The Command view shows you the actual name of the plugin that is being executed along with what arguments are required. You will notice that this plugin uses the **\$HOSTADDRESS\$** macro, which means it will use the value stored in the **Address** field of the host object.

The Command view shows that the plugin does not require any additional arguments so there are no further changes required.

Click the **Save** button after making these changes.

Click **Apply Configuration** to make these changes apply into the running configuration.

Here's an updated screenshot of the host object with an OK state after the check command was changed. You will notice the ping service is still critical, seeing as pings aren't going to work you should go into CCM and delete the ping service.

Host	Service	Status	Duration	Attempt	Last Check	Status Information
10.25.5.70	CPU Stats	Ok	50m 6s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:55:51	CPU STATISTICS OK: user=0.40% system=0.40% iowait=
	HTTP	Ok	46m 50s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:54:05	HTTP OK: HTTP/1.1 302 Found - 224 bytes in 0.002 secur
	Load	Ok	50m 6s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:55:56	OK - load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
	Memory Usage	Ok	50m 6s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:55:59	OK - 655 / 995 MB (65%) Free Memory, Used: 690 MB, Sh
	Ping	Critical	47m 24s	5/5	2016-10-28 11:52:43	CRITICAL - 10.25.5.70: rta nan, lost 100%
	Yum Updates	Ok	50m 6s	1/5	2016-10-28 11:51:08	YUM OK: O/S is up to date.

Editing Templates

If you wish to change a template (for instance, if you are implementing public facing Linux servers that will not accept ICMP requests) you will need to navigate to **Templates > Host Templates** in CCM.

The screenshot shows the Nagios XI Core Config Manager interface. The top navigation bar includes Home, Views, Dashboards, Reports, Configure, Tools, Help, and Admin. The left sidebar shows the navigation menu with 'Host Templates' circled under the 'Templates' section. The main content area is titled 'Host Templates' and features a '+ Add New' button and the text 'Displaying 1-15 of 50 results'. Below this is a table of templates:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Host Template Name
<input type="checkbox"/>	generic-host
<input type="checkbox"/>	generic-printer
<input type="checkbox"/>	generic-switch
<input type="checkbox"/>	linux-server
<input type="checkbox"/>	windows-server
<input type="checkbox"/>	xiwizard_bpi_host

Find the template in the list that you wish to edit and click it.

The steps for changing the check command in a Host Template are identical to the steps provided for changing the host object above.

Final Thoughts

If you have any issues with configuring the Active Directory Integration Component or its use, please post your questions on the [Nagios Support Forums](http://support.nagios.com/) at the following URL: <http://support.nagios.com/>